

Agricultural Network Exchanging Witnesses and Leading Experiences Against the Fraud





FIGHTING FRAUDS

Legislative framework and models of governance against fraud and corruption

Padova, May 5th 2015



This event is supported by the European Union Programme Hercule III (2014-2020). This programme is implemented by the European Commission. It was established to promote activities in the field of the protection of the financial interests of the European Union. (for more information see <u>http://ec.europa.eu/anti_fraud/about-us/funding/index_en.htm</u>)









Agricultural Network Exchanging Witnesses and Leading Experiences Against the Fraud

A NEW LEAF

Activity of the Guardia di Finanza to protect the Common Agricultural Policy: map of cases of fraud and corruption

Padova, May 5th 2015

Mr. Antonio Sassi

Italian Financial Police Officer In charge of combating Fraud against the EU and protecting National Public Expenditure".



This document reflects the author's view and the European Commission is not responsible for the views displayed in the publications and/or in conjunction with the activities for which the grant is used. The information contained in this publication does not necessarily reflect the position or opinion of the European Commission.



Activity of the Guardia di Finanza: map of cases of fraud and corruption

This presentation illustrates the role of the Italian Financial Police at European and national level.

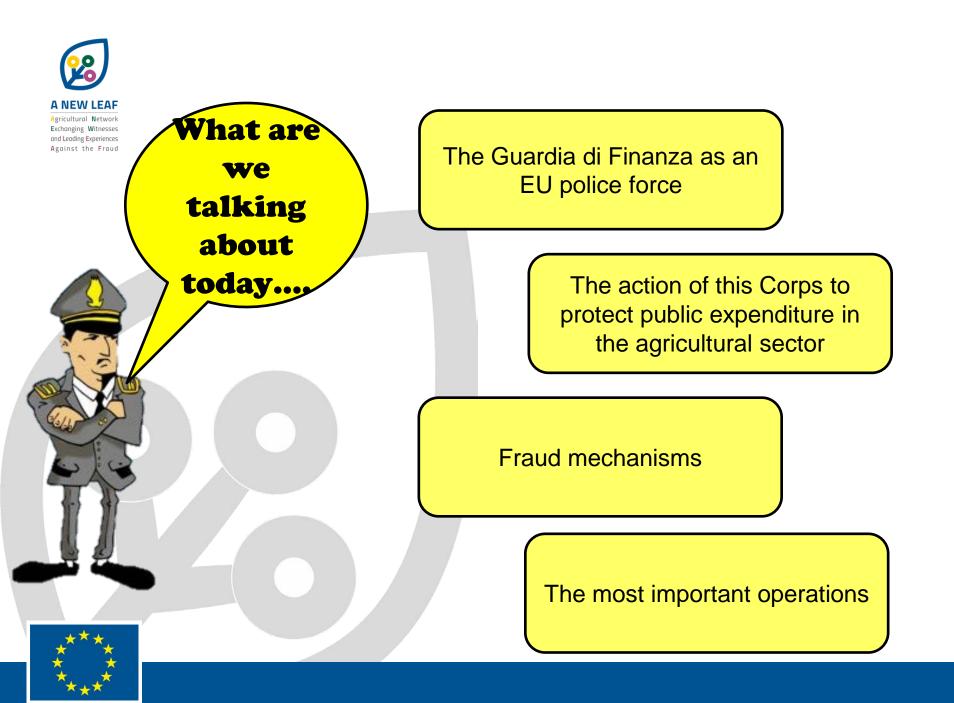
An overview of the new legislative framework will also be provided with references to the newly adopted laws regarding the fight against frauds.

The counter-action of the Italian Financial Police to prevent fraud in the agricultural sector will also be described.

Finally, the main cases of fraud discovered and their mechanism of action will be reported.



ABSTRACT





Guardía dí Fínanza



Priority role in the national control system for the protection EU interests Constant and incisive action to prevent and combat EU fraud

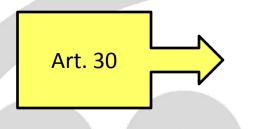




Guardía dí Fínanza



Law n° 526 of 21.12.1999 aka Community Law



Powers assigned

adopted for the protection of national financial interests are used for the protection of EU interests too, when investigating and combating violations which damage the EU or those that are related to these but damage the budget of the State, police officers of the Guardia di Finanza proceed using the enquiry powers attributed to them to investigate value added tax and income tax.

In order to guarantee that the same instruments

Presence throughout the Country

Proven professionalism in economic phenomena and financial flow investigations





Guardía dí Fínanza



Legislative Decree n° 68 of 19.03.2001 ART. 2

PARAGRAPH 1

The Guardia di finanza is an economic and financial police force whose duty is to protect the budget of the State, the regions, local administrations and the European Union.

PARA 2

It is entrusted with tasks of prevention, research and repression of violations in the field of:

b) customs duties, border duties and other own resources as well as EU budget expenditure;

e) public resources and financial means used to cover public budget expenditure as well as public expenditure programmes;

m) all other national and EU economic and financial interests.





Guardía dí Fínanza



Legislative Decree n° 68 of 19.03.2001ART. 2

PARA 4

4. Without prejudice to the provisions of the code of criminal procedure and the other laws in force, in order to perform their duties under paragraph 2, the police officers of this Force avail themselves of the authority and the powers laid down in articles 32 and 33 of Decree of the President of the Republic n° 600 of 29 September 1973, and subsequent modifications, 51 e 52 of decree n° 633 of 26 October 1972, and subsequent modifications.

PARA 5

In order to perform the tasks in this article, for facts that appear to be cases of tax evasion, the provisions in articles 36, last paragraph of D.P.R. n° 600 of 29 September 1973, article 19, para 1, letter d) of law n° 413 of 30 December 1991 and article 32 of law n° 4 of 7 January 1929 continue to be applied.





Guardía dí Fínanza



Legislative Decree n° 68 of 19.03.2001 ART. 4

(International activity to protect the national and the European Union budget)

PARA 1.

In order to coordinate police forces in matters of public law and order, the Guardia di Finanza promotes and implements forms of operational cooperation at international level with equivalent foreign bodies to fight against breaches of an economic and financial nature to protect the national and the EU budget, without prejudice to article 1 of decree n° 18 of 5 January 1967 and subsequent modifications as well as law n° 121 of 1stApril 1981.

PARA 2 own staff that will serve as experts for diplomatic missions and consular offices



PARA 4 own staff also in institutional offices, competent in matters provided for in para 1, at international and European level.



Guardía dí Fínanza



DECREE N° 83/2012 CONVERTED WITH MODIFICATIONS INTO LAW 134/2012

EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY AND POWERS STEMMING FROM ANTI MONEY LAUNDERING LEGISLATION

Art. 8 para 4 letters a) – b) of Lgs.D. 231/2007

POSSIBILITY OF USING AUTHORITY AND POWERS STEMMING FROM CURRENCY REGULATIONS

D.P.R. 148 OF 31st MARCH 1988

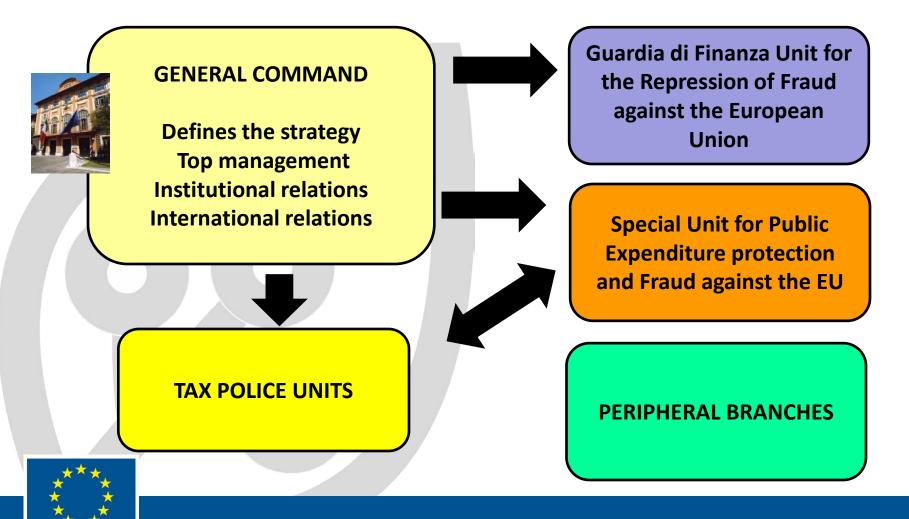


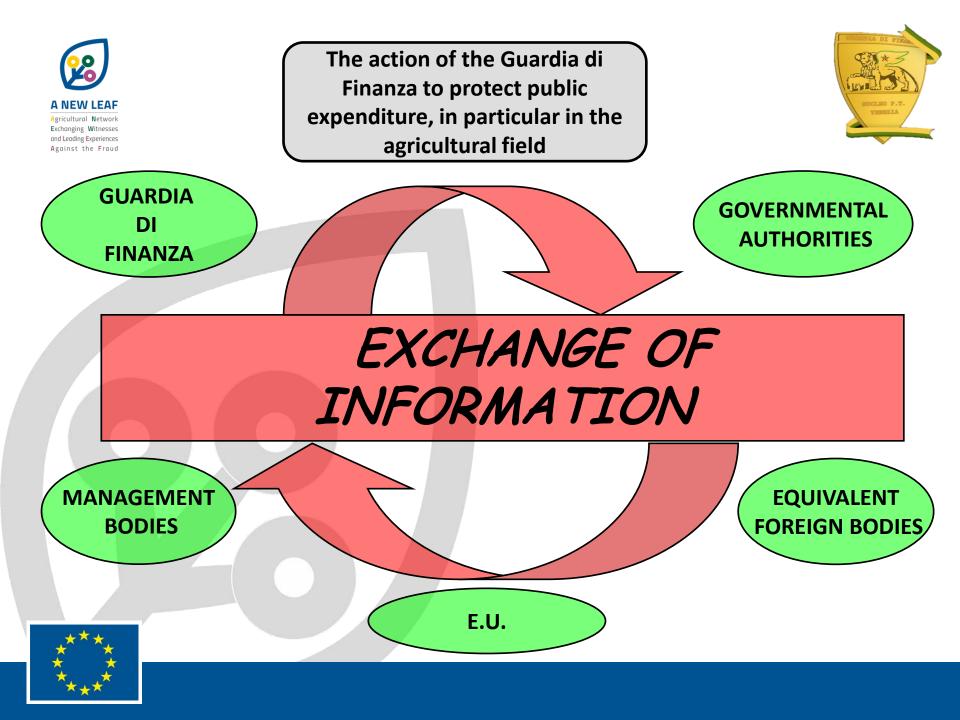


Guardía dí Fínanza



ORGANISATION







M.O.U.s with the Regions



To avoid overlapping checks on the same economic entities through a systematic flow of communication between government offices equally interested in the matter

TWOFOLD OBJECTIVE

To encourage all Branches of the Corps to develop investigations typical of economic and financial police systematically in all cases where financial and management checks performed by the administrative Body have detected profiles that indicate possible criminal elements.





Guardia di Finanza checks into the regularity of EU aid can be split into:

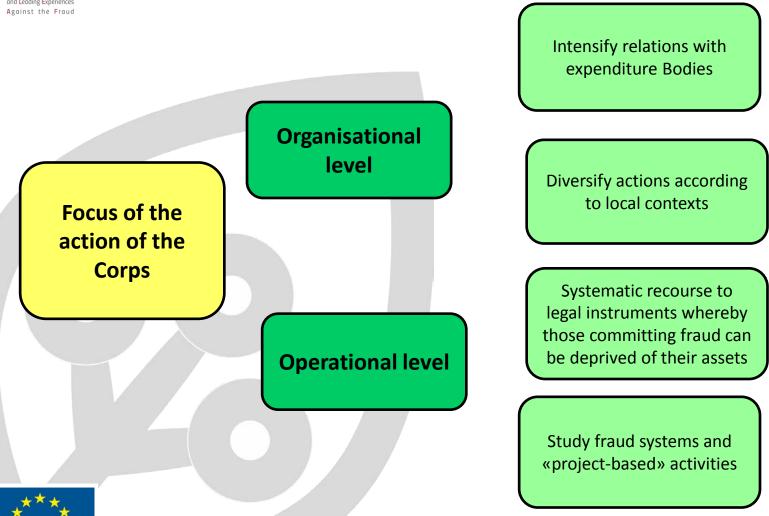


- **PREVENTIVE** : prior to the payment of aid, aimed at assessing whether applications comply with legislation ruling the awarding of funds;
- SUBSEQUENT : after the funds have been granted to the beneficiaries, in order to verify the effectiveness of the projects;
- TARGETED ACTION (antifraud checks) following cases of suspected fraud detected by the police, the judicial authorities or even administrative bodies.





THE STRATEGY OF THE GUARDIA DI FINANZA IN THE FIELD OF PUBLIC EXPENDITURE







MAIN FRAUD SYSTEMS





PRESENCE OF PERSONS/ENTERPRISES ALREADY BEING/BEEN INVESTIGATED FOR SERIOUS CRIMES

SUSPICIOUS USE OF STRAW MEN

ANOMALOUS RATIO BETWEEN AMOUNT OF FUNDING AND DIMENSION OF ENTERPRISE

LINKS WITH CONSULTANTS AND/OR «HIGH RISK» EXTERNAL PROFESSIONALS

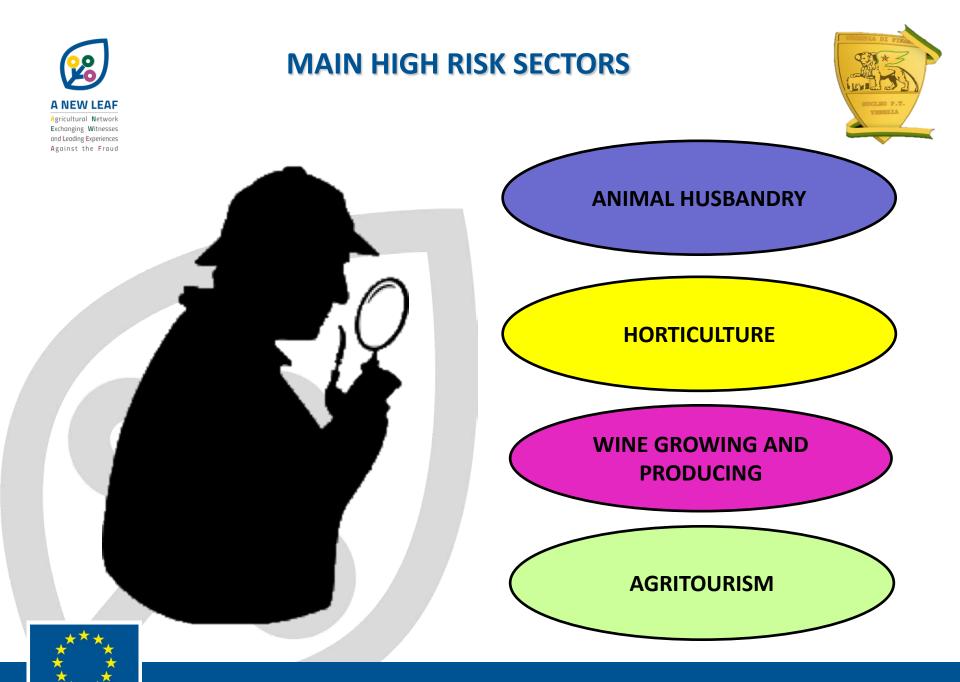
PRECEDENTS AND/OR

PENDING TAX CASES

INDICATIONS OF ANOMALIES

SUSPICIOUS BANK GUARANTEES







MAIN HIGH RISK SECTORS





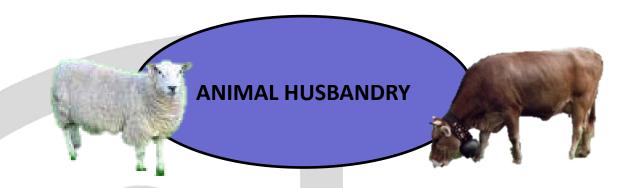
Artificially inflated applications for aid by:

- Falsely declaring specific crops in non compatible geographical areas
- ✓ Falsely declaring larger than true surface areas
- Falsely declaring more plants than there are



Main High Risk Sectors





Fictitious declarations of land ownership and consequent number of animals of different types, in particular bovines, so as to obtain undue allocations.







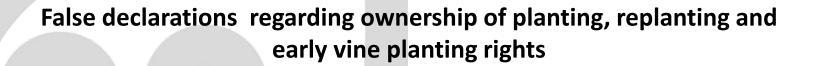


Products covered by the aid system as a consequence of the so-called «withdrawal from the market»

Premium named «SINGLE PAYMENT SCHEME S.P.S.»







False statements regarding distillation destination, in order to eliminate mediocre quality products and potentially surplus products from the wine growing and producing market





Main High Risk Sectors





AGRITURISMO

Fraud regarding funding for the restructuring of constructions and annexed rural buildings, the creation of structures for recreational and crop-growing activities and for the purchase of furnishings and equipment.

Failure to carry through investments
Presentation of false invoices (invoices for non-existent transactions/inflated invoices)

Used for structures and machinery having a different purpose from that declared
Non-compliance with rules concerning:

Timing
Reporting

Direct labour work







OPERATION «ARCADIA»

CRIMINAL ASSOCIATION AIMED AT RECEIVING UNDUE PUBLIC AID INTENDED TO SUPPORT PRODUCTION AND UNDUE ALLOWANCES PAID OUT BY A PRIMARY SOCIAL SECURITY BODY

FRAUD MECHANISM:

- 1. TRACING LAND WITH FALSE CONTRACTS
- 2. FICTITIOUS RECRUITMENT OF HUNDREDS OF FARM LABOURERES
- 3. UNLAWFULLY RECEIVING WELFARE OR TAX ALLOWANCES
- 4. UNLAWFULLY RECEIVING EU AND REGIONAL AID IN THE FRAMEWORK OF THE COMMON AGRICULTURAL POLICY

MONEYS UNDULY RECEIVED : EU AID € 660.281,78 ALLOWANCES : € 2.371.432,00 N° OF PERSONS REPORTED : € 464









OPERATION «REAPING»

CRIMINAL ASSOCIATION AIMED AT RECEIVING UNDUE PUBLIC AID INTENDED TO SUPPORT PRODUCTION

FICTITIOUS LEASES, USING COUNTERFEIT REVENUE AGENCY STAMPS TO PROVE RIGHT TO USE PLOTS OF LAND, EVEN OWNED BY MUNICIPALITIES OR REGIONS

THROUGH THE CONSCIOUS COMPLICITY OF OPERATORS AND MANAGERS OF AGRICULTURAL ASSISTANCE CENTRES (C.A.A.) WHO CERTIFY FALSE TENENCY OF LAND,

UNDUE EU AID PAID OUT AMOUNTS TO € 2.730.687,00.

N° OF PERSONS REPORTED: 57, 8 OF WHICH ARE C.A.A. STAFF N° OF ENTERPRISES INVOLVED : 22









OPERATION «CEPRA»

CRIMINAL ASSOCIATION AIMED AT RECEIVING UNDUE PUBLIC AID INTENDED TO SUPPORT PRODUCTION

APPLICATION FOR FUNDING TO BUILD AN ANIMAL HUSBANDRY FARM AND RESTRUCTURE A RURAL BUILDING. THROUGH INVOICES FOR NONEXISTENT TRANSACTIONS FOR WORK DECLARED BUT NEVER CARRIED OUT, UNDUE ADVANCES PAID OUT AMOUNT TO € 520.326,57

PERSONS REPORTED TO THE JUDICIAL AUTHORITIES : N° 6.

